Installation and Operation Guide

EVS-Series
Emergency Voice System
Fire Alarm & Emergency Communication System Limitations

While a life safety system may lower insurance rates, it is not a substitute for life and property insurance!

An automatic fire alarm system—typically made up of smoke detectors, heat detectors, manual pull stations, audible warning devices, and a fire alarm control panel (FACP) with remote notification capability—can provide early warning of a developing fire. Such a system, however, does not assure protection against property damage or loss of life resulting from a fire.

An emergency communication system—typically made up of an automatic fire alarm system (as described above) and a life safety communication system that may include an autonomous control unit (ACU), local operating console (LOC), voice communications, and other various inter-operable communication methods—can broadcast a mass notification message. Such a system, however, does not assure protection against property damage or loss of life resulting from a fire or life safety event. The Manufacturer recommends that smoke and/or heat detectors be located throughout a protected premises following the recommendations of the current edition of the National Fire Protection Association Standard 72 (NFPA 72), manufacturer’s recommendations, State and local codes, and the recommendations contained in the Guide for Proper Use of System Smoke Detectors, which is made available at no charge to all installing dealers. This document can be found at http://www.systemsensor.com/appguides/. A study by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (an agency of the United States government) indicated that smoke detectors may not go off in as many as 35% of all fires. While fire alarm systems are designed to provide early warning against fire, they do not guarantee warning or protection against fire. A fire alarm system may not provide timely or adequate warning, or simply may not function, for a variety of reasons:

Smoke detectors may not sense fire where smoke cannot reach the detectors such as in chimneys, in or behind walls, on roofs, or on the other side of closed doors. Smoke detectors also may not sense a fire on another level or floor of a building. A second-floor detector, for example, may not sense a first-floor or basement fire.

Particles of combustion or “smoke” from a developing fire may not reach the sensing chambers of smoke detectors because:

- Barriers such as closed or partially closed doors, walls, chimneys, even wet or humid areas may inhibit particle or smoke flow.
- Smoke particles may become “cold,” stratify, and not reach the ceiling or upper walls where detectors are located.
- Smoke particles may be blown away from detectors by air outlets, such as air conditioning vents.
- Smoke particles may be drawn into air returns before reaching the detector.

The amount of “smoke” present may be insufficient to alarm smoke detectors. Smoke detectors are designed to alarm at various levels of smoke density. If such density levels are not created by a developing fire at the location of detectors, the detectors will not go into alarm.

Smoke detectors, even when working properly, have sensing limitations. Detectors that have photoelectronic sensing chambers tend to detect smoldering fires better than flaming fires, which have little visible smoke. Detectors that have ionizing-type sensing chambers tend to detect fast-flaming fires better than smoldering fires. Because fires develop in different ways and are often unpredictable in their growth, neither type of detector is necessarily best and a given type of detector may not provide adequate warning of a fire.

Smoke detectors cannot be expected to provide adequate warning of fires caused by arson, children playing with matches (especially in bedrooms), smoking in bed, and violent explo-
Installation Precautions

*Adherence to the following will aid in problem-free installation with long-term reliability:*

**WARNING - Several different sources of power can be connected to the fire alarm control panel.** Disconnect all sources of power before servicing. Control unit and associated equipment may be damaged by removing and/or inserting cards, modules, or interconnecting cables while the unit is energized. Do not attempt to install, service, or operate this unit until manuals are read and understood.

**CAUTION - System Re-acceptance Test after Software Changes:** To ensure proper system operation, this product must be tested in accordance with NFPA 72 after any programming operation or change in site-specific software. Re-acceptance testing is required after any change, addition or deletion of system components, or after any modification, repair or adjustment to system hardware or wiring. All components, circuits, system operations, or software functions known to be affected by a change must be 100% tested. In addition, to ensure that other operations are not inadvertently affected, at least 10% of initiating devices that are not directly affected by the change, up to a maximum of 50 devices, must also be tested and proper system operation verified.

This system meets NFPA requirements for operation at 0-49°F C/32-120°F and at a relative humidity. However, the useful life of the system's standby batteries and the electronic components may be adversely affected by extreme temperature ranges and humidity. Therefore, it is recommended that this system and its peripherals be installed in an environment with a normal room temperature of 15-27°C/60-80°F.

**Verify that wire sizes are adequate** for all initiating and indicating device loops. Most devices cannot tolerate more than a 10% I.R. drop from the specified device voltage.

**Like all solid state electronic devices,** this system may operate erratically or can be damaged when subjected to lightning induced transients. Although no system is completely immune from lightning transients and interference, proper grounding will reduce susceptibility. Overhead or outside aerial wiring is not recommended, due to an increased susceptibility to nearby lightning strikes. Consult with the Technical Services Department if any problems are anticipated or encountered.

**Disconnect AC power and batteries** prior to removing or inserting circuit boards. Failure to do so can damage circuits.

**Remove all electronic assemblies** prior to any drilling, filing, reaming, or punching of the enclosure. When possible, make all cable entries from the sides or rear. Before making modifications, verify that they will not interfere with battery, transformer, or printed circuit board location.

**Do not tighten screw terminals** more than 9 in-lbs. Over-tightening may damage threads, resulting in reduced terminal contact pressure and difficulty with screw terminal removal.

**This system contains static-sensitive components.** Always ground yourself with a proper wrist strap before handling any circuits so that static charges are removed from the body. Use static suppressive packaging to protect electronic assemblies removed from the unit.

**Follow the instructions** in the installation, operating, and programming manuals. These instructions must be followed to avoid damage to the control panel and associated equipment. FACP operation and reliability depend upon proper installation.
Documentation Feedback

Your feedback helps us keep our documentation up-to-date and accurate. If you have a question or encounter a problem not covered in this manual, contact Silent Knight Technical Support at 800-446-6444.

Please give the following information:

- Product name and version number (if applicable)
- Printed manual
- Topic Title
- Page number (for printed manual)
- Brief description of content you think should be improved or corrected
- Your suggestion for how to correct/improve documentation

To order parts, contact Silent Knight Sales at 800-328-0103.
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Panel Security

Honeywell Fire Product Warranty and Return Policy

Manufacturer Warranties and Limitation of Liability
Section 1
Overview

The Emergency Voice System Packages are a combination of the addressable fire alarm control panel and voice integration control all in one package. The general idea of the Emergency Voice System is to activate a message giving building occupants instructions about an emergency event. This manual contains information on how to install and operate the following Emergency Voice System Packages:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model Number</th>
<th>Consists of These Part Numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EVS-Series</td>
<td>5820XL-EVS 5820XL FACP EVS-VCM -Voice control Module</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-LOC</td>
<td>EVS-RVM -Remote Voice Module (included) 6860 -Remote Annunciator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6820EV</td>
<td>6820 FACP EVS-VCM -Voice control Module</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-RCU</td>
<td>EVS-RVM - Remote Voice Module 5860 - Remote Annunciator</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.1 Optional Accessories

This manual also contains information on how to install the following compatible accessory with the EVS series equipment:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EVS-SW24</td>
<td>Adds 24 additional switches to the EVS-VCM or EVS-RVM to manually select various voice output groups for emergency announcements from the on-board microphone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-CE4</td>
<td>Provides four additional audio circuits for each EVS-50W or EVS-125W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-VCN</td>
<td>Voice Control Module</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-RVM</td>
<td>Remote Voice Module - (not sold separately)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-LOC</td>
<td>Local Operator Console</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-50W</td>
<td>50 watt amplifier with 4 separate audio circuits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-125W</td>
<td>125 watt amplifier with 4 separate audio circuits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-100W</td>
<td>100 watt amplifier with backup capability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-100WBU</td>
<td>Backup daughter card</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-INT50W</td>
<td>Intelligent 50 Watt Internal Amplifier</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.2 Features

EVS-Series
- The EVS-VCM has a built-in Digital Message Repeater.
- 15 recordable one minute messages that can be mapped to eight EVS.
- Single enclosure for both Fire and Emergency Voice System components.
- SBUS addressable amplifier. The system can support a combination of up to four EVS-50W, EVS-100W, EVS-INT50W or EVS-125W amplifiers for a maximum of 500 watts per system.
On-board supervised microphone.
- 5820XL-EVS can support up to four EVS-LOC’s.
- 6820EVS can support up to four of the EVS-LOC’s.
- Up to 32 mappable speaker circuits using a combination of EVS-50W, EVS-100W’s or EVS-125W’s and EVS-CE4’s.
- Supports 25 Vrms or 70.7 Vrms speaker circuits using EVS-50W, EVS-INT50W or EVS-100W. Supports 25Vrms using EVS-125W.

### 1.2.1 Terms Used in this Manual

The following terminology is used with this system:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EVS</td>
<td>Emergency Voice System. The features of the control panel and accessories that provide Mass Notification functionality as described in UL standard 2572.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FACP</td>
<td>Fire Alarm Control Panel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOC</td>
<td>Local Operator's Console. The user interface for a Mass Notification System. In the Silent Knight product line, this would be the interface provided by the 5820XL-EVS, 6820EVS or the EVS-LOC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mass Notification</td>
<td>A way of protecting life by relaying specific event information to a building or site including voice and/or audible and visual signals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-Series</td>
<td>When this is used in a statement, it would indicate that statement applies to the 5820XL-EVS or 6820EVS control panels.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS Device</td>
<td>A LOC or a 5880 module that is programmed as an EVS device. These are used as inputs for triggering the EVS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS Control</td>
<td>EVS Control is a mode that all LOCs need to be in to be able to change the current state of the EVS. EVS Control is requested by using the EVS Control key on LOC stations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS LOC Priority</td>
<td>The priority level which is programmed for every EVS LOC Device. In order from lowest to highest: Low, Normal, High.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS Super User</td>
<td>A user profile provided option that allows the user to override all EVS Control rules and gain EVS Control.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VBUS</td>
<td>The VBUS is an analog voice bus that carries the recorded voice messages from the EVS-VCM to the EVS-50W / 100W / 125Ws, or the voice messages generated from a system microphone to the EVS-50W / 100W / 125W's.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module</td>
<td>The term module is used for all hardware devices except for SLC addressable devices and notification appliances.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main control panel</td>
<td>Refers to 5820XL-EVS or 6820EVS control panel in the EVS-Series cabinet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Point</td>
<td>An addressable sensing device, such as a smoke or heat detector or a contact monitor device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Zone</td>
<td>A protected area made up of input points.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Point (or Output Circuit)</td>
<td>A notification point or circuit for notification appliances. Relay circuits and auxiliary power circuits are also considered output points. The output group can be specifically defined as an output group to be used for voice evacuation circuits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audio Circuits</td>
<td>Are output groups that are defined as voice output groups.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group (or “Output Group”)</td>
<td>A group of output points. Operating characteristics are common to all output points in the group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output (or “Cadence”) Pattern</td>
<td>The pattern that the output will use, for example, Constant, March Code, ANSI 3.41. Applies to zones and special system events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mapping</td>
<td>Mapping is the process of specifying which outputs are activated when certain events occur in the system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section 2
Agency Listings, Approvals, and Requirements

2.1 Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

1. The following information must be provided to the telephone company before the FACP can be connected to the phone lines:

   A Manufacturer: Silent Knight by Honeywell
   B Model Number: 5820XL-EVS, 6820EVS
   C FCC registration number: AC6 USA-34758-AL-E
   D Type of jack: RJ31X
   E Facility Interface Codes: Loop Start: 02LS2
   F Service Order Code: 9.0F

2. This device may not be directly connected to coin telephone or party line services.

3. This device cannot be adjusted or repaired in the field. In case of trouble with the device, notify the installing company or return to:
   Silent Knight by Honeywell
   12 Clintonville Road
   Northford, CT 06472-1610
   203-484-7161 or 800-328-0103
   www.silentknight.com

4. If the FACP causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company will notify the user in advance that temporary discontinuance of service may be required. If advance notice is not practical, the telephone company will notify the user as soon as possible. Users have the right to file complaints, if necessary, with the Federal Communications Commission.

5. The telephone company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operations, or procedures that could affect the operation of the equipment. If this happens, the telephone company will provide advance notice to allow you to make the necessary modifications to maintain uninterrupted service.

**Warning**

This device has been verified to comply with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following conditions: (1) This device may not cause radio interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
2.2 Underwriters Laboratories (UL)

2.2.1 Requirements for All Installations

General requirements are described in this section. When installing an individual device, refer to the specific section of the manual for additional requirements. The following subsections list specific requirements for each type of installation (for example, Central Station Fire Alarm systems, Local Protected Fire Alarm systems, and so on).

1. All field wiring must be installed in accordance with NFPA 70 National Electric Code.
2. Use the addressable smoke detectors specified in FACP installation manual.
3. Use UL listed notification appliances compatible with the FACP from those specified in the Appendix at the back of this manual.
4. UL installations using Class B wiring for the speaker circuit require the use of an EOL resistor assembly.
5. A full system checkout must be performed any time the panel is programmed.

2.2.2 Requirements for Central Station Fire Alarm Systems

1. Use both phone lines. Enable phone line monitors for both lines.
2. You must program a phone number and a test time so that the FACP sends an automatic daily test to the central station.
3. Do not use the ground start option.
4. The AC Loss Hours option must be set from 1-3 hours.
5. The Attempts to Report option must be set for 5.

2.2.3 Requirements for Local Protected Fire Alarm Systems

At least one UL listed supervised notification appliance must be used.

2.2.4 Requirements for Remote Station Protected Fire Alarm Systems

1. Do not exceed the current load restrictions shown in FACP installation manual.
2. The AC Loss Hours option must be set from 1-3 hours.

2.2.5 Requirements for the Installation of Carbon Monoxide (CO) Detection and Warning Equipment, NFPA 720

When using carbon monoxide detection the system must be monitored by a Supervising Station.

Note: The EVS-Series Control is UL listed as a voice evacuation unit for use in NFPA 72 systems. If the EVS-Series Control and its accessories are to be used as part of a UL installation, carefully read the UL requirements in this section. For more information on NFPA 72 standards, refer to the NFPA National Fire Alarm Code.
Section 3
Before you Begin Installation

This section of the manual is intended to help you plan your tasks to complete the installation. Please read this section thoroughly, especially if you are installing an EVS-Series control for the first time.

3.1 Environmental Specifications

It is important to protect the control panel from water. To prevent water damage, the following precautions should be FOLLOWED when installing the units:

- Mount in indoor, dry environments only
- Do not mount directly on exterior walls, especially masonry walls (condensation)
- Do not mount directly on exterior walls below grade (condensation)
- Protect from plumbing leaks
- Protect from splash caused by sprinkler system inspection ports
- Do not mount in areas with humidity-generating equipment (such as dryers, production machinery)

When selecting a location to mount the control panel, the unit should be mounted where it will NOT be exposed to temperatures outside the range of 0°C-49°C (32°F-120°F) or humidity outside the range of 10%-93% at 30°C (86°F) noncondensing.

3.2 Wiring Specifications

Induced noise (transfer of electrical energy from one wire to another) can interfere with telephone communication or cause false alarms. To avoid induced noise, follow these guidelines:

- Isolate input wiring from high current output and power wiring. Do not pull one multi-conductor cable for the entire panel. Instead, separate the wiring as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>High voltage</th>
<th>AC power Terminals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SLC loops</td>
<td>Phone line circuits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audio input/output</td>
<td>NAC1 through NAC6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notification circuits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SBUS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relay circuits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Do not pull wires from different groups through the same conduit. If you must run them together, do so for as short a distance as possible or use shielded cable. Connect the shield to earth ground at the panel. You must route high and low voltages separately.
- Ground fault and wire to wire impedance to any terminal is 0 ohms.
- Route the wiring around the inside perimeter of the cabinet. It should not cross the circuit board where it could induce noise into the sensitive microelectronics or pick up unwanted RF noise from the high speed circuits. See Figure 3-1 for an example.

High frequency noise, such as that produced by the inductive reactance of a speaker or bell, can also
be reduced by running the wire through ferrite shield beads or by wrapping it around a ferrite toroid.

Figure 3-1: Wire Routing Example

Note: All circuits are power limited except the battery and AC cabling. Maintain ¼” spacing between high and low voltage circuits and between power-limited and non-power limited circuits.
3.3 SBUS Specifications

Refer to the FACP’s installation manual for SBUS wiring details.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EVS-Series Model Number</th>
<th>FACP Installation Manual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5820XL-EVS</td>
<td>LS10061-001SK-E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6820EVS</td>
<td>LS10144-001SK-E</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.4 Electrical Specifications

Table 3-1: EVS-50W AC Current Draw

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Standby Current</th>
<th>Alarm Current</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EVS-50W 25V</td>
<td>120V 60 Hz</td>
<td>350 mA</td>
<td>1100 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-50W 70V</td>
<td>120V 60 Hz</td>
<td>350 mA</td>
<td>1200 mA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3-2: EVS-125W AC Current Draw

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Standby Current</th>
<th>Alarm Current</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EVS-125W 25V</td>
<td>120V 60 Hz</td>
<td>300 mA</td>
<td>2200 mA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3-3: EVS-100W AC Current Draw

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Standby Current</th>
<th>Alarm Current</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EVS-100W 25V</td>
<td>120V 60 Hz</td>
<td>190 mA</td>
<td>2380 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-100W 25V</td>
<td>240V 50 Hz</td>
<td>200 mA</td>
<td>1260 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-100W 70V</td>
<td>120V 60 Hz</td>
<td>190 mA</td>
<td>2470 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-100W 70V</td>
<td>240V 50 Hz</td>
<td>200 mA</td>
<td>1310 mA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.5 Installing EVS-Series Cabinets

This section provides instructions on how to install the EVS series cabinets for surface or flush mounting.

3.5.1 Preventing Water Damage

Refer to Section 3.1 when choosing a mounting location. Water damage to the fire system can be caused by moisture entering the cabinet through the conduits. Conduits that are installed to enter the top of the cabinet are most likely to cause water problems. Installers should take reasonable precautions to prevent water from entering the cabinet. Water damage is not covered under warranty.
3.5.2 Surface Mounting the 5820XL-EVS or EVS-LOC Cabinet

The Cabinets can be mounted on the wall surface by using the mounting holes in the back of the cabinet. The EVS-LOC Local Operator Console is a combination ECS-RVM Remote Voice Module and its associated annunciator. The EVS-LOC is compatible with the Silent Knight 5820XL-EVS or 6820EVS.

For more information, refer to FACP Installation manuals.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model Number</th>
<th>FACP Installation Manual PN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5820XL-EVS</td>
<td>LS10061-001SK-E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6820EVS</td>
<td>LS10144-001SK-E</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To Install the 5820XL-EVS cabinet:

1. Open the cabinet door, remove the dead front panel screws and open the dead front panel.
2. Remove AC power and disconnect the backup batteries from the main control panel.
3. Mark and predrill holes in the wall for the center top keyhole mounting bolts using the dimensions in Figure 3-2.
4. Place backbox over the top screw, level and secure.
5. Install remaining fasteners and tighten.
Cabinet backbox dimensions are 26.5" H x 20" W x 4.820" D.

Figure 3-25820XL-EVS Cabinet Mounting Holes
3.5.3 Surface Mounting the 6820EVS or EVS-LOC Cabinet

The Cabinets can be mounted on the wall surface by using the mounting holes in the back of the cabinet.

To install the 6820EVS or EVS-LOC cabinet:

1. Open the cabinet door, remove the dead front panel screws and open the dead front panel.
2. Remove AC power and disconnect the backup batteries from the main control panel.
3. Mark and predrill holes in the wall for the center top keyhole mounting bolts using the dimensions in Figure 3-3.
4. Place backbox over the top screw, level and secure.
5. Install remaining fasteners and tighten.

Cabinet backbox dimensions are 26.5”H x 20”W x 4.104”D

![Figure 3-3: 6820EVS or EVS-LOC Cabinet Mounting Holes](image.png)

3.5.4 Recess Mounting

Follow these steps to recess mount the cabinet:

1. Cut a recess hole. There should be 1.5” to 1.75” of cabinet extruding from the wall, this should be measured from either the top edge or bottom edge to the exterior side of the sheet rock.
2. Mount the cabinet to wall studs by inserting a screw through the cabinet's side mounting holes into the wall stud.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Important!</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Do not insert the cabinet deeper than recommended above. If the cabinet is mounted too deep you will not be able to re-attach the door assembly.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.5.4.1 Cabinet Door and Dead Front Removal

While installing the cabinet, it may be necessary to remove the cabinet door and the dead front panel. This section provides instructions on how to remove the door and dead front panel.

#### Re-Attaching the Cabinet Door

1. To reinstall the doors, the top hinge should be aligned first, followed by the lower.

![Figure 3-4: Cabinet Door and Dead Front Panel Removal](image-url)
4.1 Connecting AC Power and Batteries

Refer to the FACP’s installation manual for proper AC power connections.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EVS Series Model Number</th>
<th>FACP Installation Manual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5820XL-EVS</td>
<td>LS10061-001SK-E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6820EVS</td>
<td>LS10144-001SK-E</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.2 Installing the EVS-VCM

The EVS-VCM Voice Control Module is contained within the Silent Knight EVS Series panel enclosure. It provides a supervised microphone for live communication and an interface for the Emergency Voice System. This section provides information on how to install or remove the EVS-VCM to the control cabinet and how to make the proper wiring connections.

4.2.1 EVS-VCM Board Layout

The following is description of the EVS-VCM voice control module components.
Figure 4-2 Front View EVS-VCM
4.2.2 Connecting the EVS-VCM to the SBUS

Refer to Figure 4-3 to properly connect the EVS-VCM to the FACP's SBUS.

![Figure 4-3 SBUS Connections](image)

See Section 4.12 to set SBUS addressing.

4.2.3 Installing the Microphone

To install the microphone follow these steps:

1. Clip the microphone into the microphone clip. See Figure 4-4.

![Figure 4-4 Sliding Microphone into Microphone Clip](image)
2. Insert Microphone cord through hole at the bottom of the dead front panel. See Figure 4-5.

3. Attach strain relief clip to microphone cord. The strain relief clip should have about 2¾” of microphone cord through it. See Figure 4-6.

4. Push the strain relief into the hole in the dead front panel.
4.2.4 To Remove the EVS-VCM

To remove the EVS-VCM follow these steps:

1. Remove AC power and disconnect batteries from the main control panel.
2. Disconnect the SBUS connections from the SBUS terminals on the EVS-VCM. See Figure 4-3.
3. Disconnect any devices connected to the VBUS. See Figure 4-1.
4. Unplug the Microphone from the microphone connector. See Figure 4-7.
5. Remove the six ¼” hex nuts that hold the EVS-VCM in place.
6. Lift the EVS-VCM off of the dead front panel.
4.3 Installing the EVS-SW24 Switch Expander

The EVS-SW24 adds 24 switches to the EVS-Series controls for a total of 40 (with the 16 Non-EVS switches on the EVS-VCM).

This section provides instruction on how to properly install the EVS-SW24.

Follow these steps to install the EVS-SW24:

1. Open Cabinet door and dead front panel.
2. Remove AC power from the main control panel.
3. Disconnect the backup batteries.
4. Install the EVS-SW24 on the six mounting studs located on the inside of the dead front panel. See Figure 4-8.

5. Secure the switch expander to the dead front panel using the supplied six 1/4” Hex nuts.

Figure 4-8 Mounting Location for the EVS-SW24
6. Connect one end of the wiring harness (P/N 130398 supplied) to the EVS-VCM and the other end to the EVS-SW24 as shown in Figure 4-9.

7. Restore AC power.
8. Reconnect backup batteries.
4.4 Installing the EVS-50W

This section provides information on how to install the EVS-50W for use with the EVS-Series products.

4.4.1 EVS-50W Board Layout

Figure 4-10 shows the location of terminals, DIPs, and Expander connection, used in the installation of the EVS-50W.

4.4.2 Mounting the EVS-50W

The EVS-50W is equipped with a separate enclosure. Refer to Section 4.1 when selecting a mounting location for the EVS-50W.

The panel should be accessible to main drop wiring runs. It should be mounted as close to the center of the building as possible and located within a secured area, but should be accessible for testing and
Mount the control panel cabinet so it is firmly secured to the wall surface. When mounting on concrete, especially when moisture is expected, attach a piece of 3/4-inch plywood to the concrete surface and then attach the cabinet to the plywood. Also mount any other modules to the plywood.

The cabinet can be surface or flush-mounted. If you will be flush-mounting the cabinet, the hole for the enclosure should be 14½” W x 24¾” H x 3-7/16” D (36.8cm W x 62.9cm H x 8.73cm D). Do not flush-mount in a wall designated as a fire break. The Outside dimensions of the cabinet are 16” W x 26 ¼” H x 4-1/8” D (40.64cm W x 66.68cm H x 10.48cm D).

Follow these steps to properly mount the cabinet.

1. On the mounting surface install two screws level with each other 11” apart.

![Figure 4-11 Cabinet Flush Mount Dimensions and Mounting Hole Locations](image)

2. Install the cabinet onto the two mounting screws and tighten the screws.

3. Insert two screws into the two bottom mounting holes.

### 4.4.3 Wiring Specifications

All wiring and devices installed in the system must meet the standards described in National Electrical Code (NFPA 70), NFPA Standard 72, and Life Safety Code (NFPA 101).

To avoid induced noise (transfer of electrical energy from one wire to another), keep input wiring isolated from high-current output and power wiring. Avoid pulling one multi-conductor cable for the entire panel.
Instead, separate the wiring as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1/4&quot; spacing must be maintained between each of these circuit types; as well as between power limited and non power-limited circuits.</th>
<th>Input/Output Type</th>
<th>Wiring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non Power-Limited:</td>
<td>AC power, Standby batteries</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power-Limited:</td>
<td>SBUS, VBUS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audio:</td>
<td>Speaker</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DO NOT pull wires from different groups through the same conduit.

Twisted, shielded wire is recommended for all audio circuits to provide the maximum protection against EMI and AFI emission and susceptibility.

If using shielded cable, attach the shield to earth ground on the control panel.

For the same reasons, wiring within the cabinet should be routed around the perimeter of the cabinet. It should not cross the printed circuit board where it could induce noise into the sensitive microelectronics or pick up unwanted RF noise from the high speed circuits.

High frequency noise, such as that produced by the inductive reactance of a speaker or bell, can also be reduced by running the wire through ferrite beads or by wrapping it around a ferrite toroid core. Figure 4-12 provides an example.

![Figure 4-12 Wire Routing Example for EVS-50W](image)

**4.4.4 Speaker Wiring**

Each EVS-50W supplies four NAC (Notification Appliance Circuit) for speaker connection. The speaker circuit can be supervised and wired Class B (Style Y) or Class A (Style Z). The speaker circuit is capable of 50 watts of power at 25 Vrms or 70.7 Vrms.
4.4.4.1 Wiring Lengths

Table 4-1 Wire Lengths

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number Of Speakers</th>
<th>@1/2 W</th>
<th>Total Load</th>
<th>Wire Distance in Feet</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>@1 W</td>
<td>Vrms</td>
<td>18 AWG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>25Vrms 5W</td>
<td>3900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms</td>
<td>25000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>25Vrms 10W</td>
<td>2125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms</td>
<td>15200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>25Vrms 15W</td>
<td>1460</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms</td>
<td>11000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>25Vrms 20W</td>
<td>1100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms</td>
<td>8500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>25Vrms 26W</td>
<td>760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms</td>
<td>6100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>25Vrms 40W</td>
<td>550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms</td>
<td>4100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>25Vrms 50W</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms</td>
<td>3500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The above table assumes a uniform distribution of the speakers, and that a max of 20% voltage drop on the last speaker is allowed.

4.4.4.2 Class B Speaker Configuration

Figure 4-13 illustrates how to wire speakers to the control panel using Class B supervision.
### 4.4.4.3 Class A Wiring

Figure 4-14 illustrates how to wire speakers to the control panel using Class A wiring.

![Figure 4-14 Class A Speaker Configuration](image)

### 4.4.5 VBUS Wiring

The VBUS is an analog voice bus that carries the recorded voice messages from the EVS-VCM to the EVS-50W’s, or the voice messages generated from a system microphone to the EVS-50W’s. The maximum resistance on the VBUS is 20Ω.

Connect the VBUS from the EVS-VCM to the EVS-50W’s as shown in Figure 4-15.

![Figure 4-15 VBUS Wiring](image)
4.4.6 SBUS Wiring

This section contains information on how to connect EVS-50Ws (up to 4) onto the main control SBUS. Refer to Section 3.3 for SBUS specifications. Wire the SBUS as shown in Figure 4-16 or Figure 4-17.

See Section 4.12 for information on setting SBUS addresses.
4.4.7 Connecting AC Power

The AC inputs are rated as 120 VAC, 60 Hz (transformer P/N 115061). To install the AC transformer into the EVS-50W cabinet follow these steps:

1. Open the cabinet door.
2. To access cabinet interior, open dead-front panel by removing the upper screw and the mid-door retaining screw.
3. Mount the transformer onto the threaded cabinet transformer mounting studs using the supplied locking hex nuts as shown in Figure 4-18.

4. Connect AC to the Transformer as Shown in Figure 4-19.
5. Plug the transformer output to the AC connector on the control panel as shown in Figure 4-19.

4.4.8 Backup Battery for EVS-50W

The following steps explain how to connect the batteries (refer to Figure 4-20):

1. Connect the black wire of the battery harness to the (-) side of the battery #2.
2. Connect the jumper wire provided from the positive (+) side of battery #2 to the negative side of battery #1.
3. Connect the red wire from the battery harness to the positive (+) side of battery #1.

![Figure 4-20 Battery Connections to the EVS-50W](image-url)
4.4.9 Calculating Current Draw and Standby Battery

This section helps you determine the current draw and standby battery needs for your installation (18 Ampere Hours max. will fit in cabinet). Complete the remaining instructions in Table 4-2.

Batteries larger than 18 Ah will not fit in the main control cabinet, and must be housed in the RBB Accessory Battery Cabinet. Maximum of 33 Amp Hours per system.

Table 4-2: Current Draw Calculations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>No. of Devices</th>
<th>Current Per Device</th>
<th>Standby Current</th>
<th>Alarm Current</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EVS-50W 25V</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Standby: 85 mA</td>
<td>85 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm: 525 mA</td>
<td>525 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-50W 70.7V</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Standby: 100 mA</td>
<td>100 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm: 580 mA</td>
<td>580 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-CE4</td>
<td>0 or 1</td>
<td>Standby: 20 mA</td>
<td>20 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm (All Channels): 180 mA</td>
<td>180 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A Current Subtotals: mA mA

B Notification Devices

C Total current rating of all devices in system (Line B) X 0.001

D Number of standby hours (24 or 60 for NFPA 72)

E Multiply line C (standby current) and D: Total standby AH

F Alarm sounding period in hours (For example, 5 minutes = 0.0833 hours):

G Multiply line C (alarm current) and F: Total alarm AH

H Add lines E and G (AH = Ampere Hours): Total AH required

4.5 Installing the EVS-INT50W

This section provides information on how to install the EVS-INT50W for use with the EVS-Series products. The EVS-INT50W Internal Amplifier can fit inside the 5820XL-EVS OR 6820EVS cabinet. It is used to amplify the audio message for distribution throughout the facility for the Emergency Communication System.

4.5.1 Board Layout & Mounting

Figure 4-21 Front View of EVS-INT50W
4.5.1.1 Mounting the EVS-INT50W

1. Open the cabinet door.
2. Remove AC power and disconnect the backup batteries from the main control panel.
3. Align the board with the mounting holes. Mount the EVS-INT50W inside the FACP cabinet with the screws provided. See Figure 4-22.

![Figure 4-22 EVS-INT50W in FACP Cabinet](image)

4. Secure the board to the enclosure.

4.5.2 Wiring to a FACP

See Figure 4-23 to properly wire the EVS-INT50W to the FACP.

The Internal Amplifier must be powered by a NAC programmed as Constant Auxiliary Power. Refer to the FACP installation manual.

![Figure 4-23 Wiring the EVS-INT50W to the FACP](image)
4.5.3 VBUS Wiring

The VBUS is an analog voice bus that carries the recorded voice messages from the ECS-VCM to the EVS-INT50Ws, or the voice messages generated from a system microphone to the EVS-INT50W. The maximum resistance on the VBUS is 20Ω.

Connect the VBUS from the ECS-VCM to the EVS-INT50Ws as shown in Figure 4-24.

![Figure 4-24 VBUS Wiring](image)

4.5.4 Setting the Device Address

Use the on-board DIP switches to select an ID number for the EVS-INT50W. Refer to Figure 4-58 to set the DIP switches for the desired ID number. Once the ID number is set, you must add the EVS-INT50W to the system through programming.

*Note: EVS-INT50W is powered by a NAC. It will not be found using JumpStart AutoProgramming.*

4.6 Speaker Wiring

Each EVS-INT50W supplies one circuit for speaker connection. The speaker circuit can be supervised and wired Class B or Class A. The speaker circuit is capable of 50 watts of power at 25 Vrms or 70.7 Vrms. See Section 4.4.4.1 for wire lengths.

4.6.1 Calculating Current Draw and Standby Battery

This section helps you determine the current draw and standby battery needs for your installation. Complete the remaining instructions in Table 4-3.

Batteries larger than 18 AH will not fit in the main control cabinet, and must be housed in the RBB...
Accessory Battery Cabinet. Maximum of 33 Amp Hours per system.

Table 4-3: Current Draw Calculations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>No. of Devices</th>
<th>Current Per Device</th>
<th>Standby Current</th>
<th>Alarm Current</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EVS-INT50W 25V</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Standby: 52mA</td>
<td>52 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm: 275mA</td>
<td>275 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-INT50W 70V</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Standby: 52mA</td>
<td>52 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm: 310mA</td>
<td>310 mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A Current Subtotals: mA mA

B Current Subtotals: mA mA

Notification Devices
Refer to device manual for number of devices and current ratings.

C Total current rating of all devices in system (Line B) X 0.001
D Number of standby hours (24 or 60 for NFPA 72)

E Multiply line C (standby current) and D: Total standby AH
F Alarm sounding period in hours (For example, 5 minutes = 0.0833 hours):
G Multiply line C (alarm current) and F: Total alarm AH
H Add lines E and G (AH = Ampere Hours): Total AH required

4-19
4.7 Installing the EVS-125W

This section provides information on how to install the EVS-125W for use with EVS-series products.

4.7.1 EVS-125W Board Layout

Figure 4-25 shows the location of terminals, DIPs, and Expander connections used in the installation of the EVS-125W.

4.7.2 Mounting the EVS-125W

The EVS-125W is equipped with a separate enclosure. Refer to Section 4.1 when selecting a mounting location for the EVS-125W.

The panel should be accessible to main drop wiring runs. It should be mounted as close to the center of the building as possible and located within a secured area, but should be accessible for testing and
Mount the control panel cabinet so it is firmly secured to the wall surface. When mounting on concrete, especially when moisture is expected, attach a piece of 3/4-inch plywood to the concrete surface and then attach the cabinet to the plywood. Also mount any other modules to the plywood.

The cabinet can be surface or flush-mounted. If you will be flush-mounting the cabinet, the hole for the enclosure should be 14 ½" W x 24 ¾" H x 3-7/16" D (36.8cm W x 62.9cm H x 8.73cm D). Do not flush-mount in a wall designated as a fire break. The outside dimensions of the cabinet are 16" W x 26 ¼" H x 4-1/8" D (40.64cm W x 66.68cm H x 10.48cm D).

Follow these steps to properly mount the cabinet.

1. On the mounting surface install two screws level with each other 11" apart.

2. Install the cabinet onto the two mounting screws and tighten the screws.

3. Insert two screws into the two bottom mounting holes.

### 4.7.3 Wiring Specifications

All wiring and devices installed in the system must meet the standards described in National Electrical Code (NFPA 70), NFPA Standard 72, and Life Safety Code (NFPA 101).

To avoid induced noise (transfer of electrical energy from one wire to another), keep input wiring isolated from high-current output and power wiring. Avoid pulling one multi-conductor cable for the entire panel.

Instead, separate the wiring as follows:

| 1/4" spacing must be maintained between each of these circuit types; | Input/Output Type: Non Power-Limited: | Wiring: AC power, Standby batteries |

---

Figure 4-26 Cabinet Flush Mount Dimensions and Mounting Hole Locations
DO NOT pull wires from different groups through the same conduit.

Twisted, shielded wire is recommended for all audio circuits to provide the maximum protection against EMI and AFI emission and susceptibility.

If using shielded cable, attach the shield to earth ground on the control panel.

For the same reasons, wiring within the cabinet should be routed around the perimeter of the cabinet. It should not cross the printed circuit board where it could induce noise into the sensitive microelectronics or pick up unwanted RF noise from the high speed circuits.

High frequency noise, such as that produced by the inductive reactance of a speaker or bell, can also be reduced by running the wire through ferrite beads or by wrapping it around a ferrite toroid core. Figure 4-27 provides an example.
4.7.4 Speaker Wiring

Each EVS-125W supplies four NAC (Notification Appliance Circuit) for speaker connection. The speaker circuit can be supervised and wired Class B or Class A. Speaker circuit 1 is capable of 100 watts of power at 25 Vrms. Speaker circuit 2-4 are capable of 50 watts (each) at 25 Vrms.

4.7.4.1 Wiring Lengths

Table 4-4 Wire Lengths

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number Of Speakers</th>
<th>Total Load</th>
<th>Wire Distance in Feet</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>@1/2 W</td>
<td>@1 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vrms</td>
<td>Watts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18 AWG</td>
<td>16 AWG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>14 AWG</td>
<td>12 AWG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>25Vrms 5W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>25Vrms 10W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>25Vrms 15W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>25Vrms 20W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>25Vrms 26W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>25Vrms 40W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>25Vrms 50W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>25Vrms 75W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>25Vrms 100W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>25Vrms 125W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The above table assumes a uniform distribution of the speakers, and that a max of 20% voltage drop on the last speaker is allowed.

4.7.4.2 Class B

Figure 4-28 illustrates how to wire speakers to the control panel using Class B supervision.
4.7.4.3 Class A

Figure 4-29 illustrates how to wire speakers to the control panel using Class A wiring.

![Figure 4-29 Class A Speaker Configuration](image)

4.7.5 VBUS Wiring

The VBUS is an analog voice bus that carries the recorded voice messages from the EVS-VCM to the EVS-125Ws, or the voice messages generated from a system microphone to the EVS-125Ws. The maximum resistance on the VBUS is 20Ω.

Connect the VBUS from the EVS-VCM to the EVS-125Ws as shown in Figure 4-30.

![Figure 4-30 VBUS Wiring](image)
4.7.6  SBUS Wiring

This section contains information on how to connect EVS-125Ws (up to 4) onto the main control SBUS. Refer to Section 3.3 for SBUS specifications. Wire the SBUS as shown in Figure 4-31 or Figure 4-32.

Figure 4-31 SBUS Connections of the EVS-125W

Figure 4-32 Connecting Multiple EVS-125Ws to the SBUS

See Section 4.12 for information on setting SBUS addresses.
4.7.7 Connecting AC Power

At installation, connect the AC terminals to the power source as shown in Figure 4-33. It may be necessary for a professional electrician to make this connection.

The AC terminals are rated as 120 VAC, 60 Hz.

![Figure 4-33 AC Connection]

4.7.8 Backup Battery for EVS-125W

The following steps explain how to connect the batteries (refer to Figure 4-34):

1. Connect the black wire of the battery harness to the (-) side of the battery #2.
2. Connect the jumper wire provided from the positive (+) side of battery #2 to the negative side of battery #1.
3. Connect the red wire from the battery harness to the positive (+) side of battery #1.

![Figure 4-34 Battery Connection to EVS-125W](image)

### 4.7.9 Calculating Current Draw and Standby Battery

This section helps you determine the current draw and standby battery needs for your installation (18 Ampere Hours maximum will fit in cabinet). Complete the remaining instructions in Table 4-5.

Batteries larger than 18 AH will not fit in the main control cabinet, and must be housed in the RBB Accessory Battery Cabinet. Maximum of 35 amp hr for the system.

#### Table 4-5: Current Draw Calculations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>No. of Devices</th>
<th>Current Per Device</th>
<th>Standby Current</th>
<th>Alarm Current</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EVS-125W</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Standby: 375mA</td>
<td>375mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm: 700mA</td>
<td>700mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-CE4</td>
<td>0 or 1</td>
<td>Standby: 20mA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm (All Channels): 180mA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**A**

Current Subtotals: mA mA

**B**

Total current rating of all devices in system (Line B) X 0.001 A A

**C**

Number of standby hours (24 or 60 for NFPA 72) H

**D**

Multiply line C (standby current) and D: Total standby AH AH

**E**

Alarm sounding period in hours (for example, 5 minutes = 0.0833 hours): H

**F**

Multiply line C (alarm current) and F: Total alarm AH AH

**G**

Add lines E and G (AH = Ampere Hours): Total AH required AH
4.8 Installing the EVS-100W

This section provides information on how to install the EVS-100W for use with the 5820XL-EVS or 6820EVS.

4.8.1 EVS-100W Board Layout

Figure 4-35 shows the location of terminals, DIP switch's and Expander connection used in the installation of the EVS-100W.

4.8.2 Mounting the EVS-100W

The EVS-100W is equipped with a separate enclosure. Refer to Section 3.1 when selecting a mounting location for the EVS-100W.

The panel should be accessible to main drop wiring runs. It should be mounted as close to the center of the building as possible and located within a secured area, but should be accessible for testing and service.

Mount the control panel cabinet so it is firmly secured to the wall surface. When mounting on concrete, especially when moisture is expected, attach a piece of ¾” plywood to the concrete surface and then
attach the cabinet to the plywood. Also mount any other modules to the plywood.

The cabinet can be surface or flush-mounted. If you will be flush-mounting the cabinet, the hole for the enclosure should be 14½” W x 24¼” H x 3-7/16” D (36.8cm W x 62.9cm H x 8.73cm D). Do not flush-mount in a wall designated as a fire break. The outside dimensions of the cabinet are 16.1” W x 26½” H x 4-1/8” D (40.64cm W x 66.68cm H x 10.48cm D).

Follow these steps to properly mount the cabinet.

1. On the mounting surface install two screws level with each other 11” apart.

![Figure 4-36 Cabinet Flush Mount Dimensions and Mounting Hole Locations](image)

2. Install the cabinet onto the two mounting screws and tighten the screws.

3. Insert two screws into the two bottom mounting holes.

### 4.8.3 Wiring Specifications

All wiring and devices installed in the system must meet the standards described in National Electrical Code (NFPA 70), NFPA Standard 72, and Life Safety Code (NFPA 101).

To avoid induced noise (transfer of electrical energy from one wire to another), keep input wiring isolated from high-current output and power wiring. Avoid pulling one multi-conductor cable for the entire panel.

Instead, separate the wiring as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input/Output Type</th>
<th>Wiring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non Power-Limited</td>
<td>AC power, Standby batteries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power-Limited</td>
<td>SBUS, VBUS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audio</td>
<td>Speaker</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1/4” spacing must be maintained between each of these circuit types; as well as between power limited and non power-limited circuits.**

DO NOT pull wires from different groups through the same conduit.

Twisted, shielded wire is recommended for all audio circuits to provide the maximum protection against
EMI and AFI emission and susceptibility.

If using shielded cable, attach the shield to earth ground on the control panel.

For the same reasons, wiring within the cabinet should be routed around the perimeter of the cabinet. It should not cross the printed circuit board where it could induce noise into the sensitive microelectronics or pick up unwanted RF noise from the high speed circuits.

*Note: Ground Fault Impedance to any Terminal is 0 Ω.*

High frequency noise, such as that produced by the inductive reactance of a speaker or bell, can also be reduced by running the wire through ferrite beads or by wrapping it around a ferrite toroid core. See Figure 4-37.

![Figure 4-37 Wire Routing Example for EVS-100W](image)

### 4.8.4 Speaker Wiring

Each EVS-100W supplies eight NAC (Notification Appliance Circuit) for speaker connection. The speaker circuit can be supervised and wired Class B or Class A. The speaker circuits are capable of 50 watts (each) at 25 Vrms or 70.7 Vrms.
4.8.4.1 Wiring Lengths

Table 4-6 Wire Lengths

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number Of Speakers</th>
<th>Total Load</th>
<th>Wire Distance in Feet</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>@1/2 W</td>
<td>@1 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>25Vrms 5W</td>
<td>3900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms 25W</td>
<td>25000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>25Vrms 10W</td>
<td>2125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms 15W</td>
<td>15200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>25Vrms 15W</td>
<td>1460</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms 20W</td>
<td>11000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>25Vrms 20W</td>
<td>1100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms 25W</td>
<td>8500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>25Vrms 26W</td>
<td>760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms 30W</td>
<td>6100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>25Vrms 40W</td>
<td>550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms 50W</td>
<td>4100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>25Vrms 50W</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>70Vrms</td>
<td>3500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The above table assumes a uniform distribution of the speakers, and that a max of 20% voltage drop on the last speaker is allowed.

4.8.4.2 Class B

Figure 4-38 illustrates how to wire speakers to the control panel using Class B supervision.
4.8.4.3 Class A

Figure 4-39 illustrates how to wire speakers to the control panel using Class A wiring.

![Figure 4-39 Class A Speaker Configuration](image)

4.8.5 VBUS Wiring

The VBUS is an analog voice bus that carries the recorded voice messages from the EVS-VCM to the EVS-100Ws, or the voice messages generated from a system microphone to the EVS-100Ws. The maximum resistance on the VBUS is 20Ω. Only use VBUS1 when wiring between the EVS-VCM and the EVS-100Ws.
Connect the VBUS from the EVS-VCM to the EVS-100Ws as shown in Figure 4-40.

4.8.6 SBUS Wiring

This section contains information on how to connect EVS-100Ws (up to 4) onto the main control SBUS. Refer to Section 4 of the FACP’s Installation manual for SBUS specifications. Wire the SBUS
as shown in Figure 4-41 or Figure 4-42.

Figure 4-41 SBUS Connections of the EVS-100W

Figure 4-42 Connecting Multiple EVS-100Ws to the SBUS

See Section 4.12 for information on setting SBUS addresses.
4.8.7 Setting the EVS-100W Mode

Figure 4-43 DIP Switch Modes

When the EVS-100W is connected to a 5820XL-EVS version 13 or prior, see Figure 4-43 to set the amplifier mode using the DIP switches.

When the EVS-100W is connected to a 5820XL-EVS version 14 or later or the 6820EVS, the mode is set using SKSS-3 and the DIP switch mode selector is ignored.

The amplifier modes are as follows:

- 50 Watt with Backup - Amp A powers Audio Circuits 1 - 8. Amp A is backed up by on-board Amp B. (Default, DIP setting at 2).
- 100 Watt with no Backup - Amp A powers Audio Circuits 1 - 4. Amp B powers Audio Circuits 5 - 8. There is no backup. (DIP setting at 1).
- 100 Watt with Backup (requires EVS-100WBU) - Amp A powers Audio Circuits 1 - 4. Amp B powers Audio Circuits 5 - 8. The EVS-100WBU will backup Amp A or Amp B but never both. (DIP setting at 3).

4.8.8 Backup Battery for EVS-100W

The following steps explain how to connect the batteries (refer to Figure 4-49):

1. Connect the black wire of the battery harness to the (-) side of the battery #2.
2. Connect the jumper wire provided from the positive (+) side of battery #2 to the negative side of battery #1.
3. Connect the red wire from the battery harness to the positive (+) side of battery #1.

Figure 4-44 Battery Connection to EVS-100W
4.8.9 Calculating Current Draw and Standby Battery

This section helps you determine the current draw and standby battery needs for your installation (18 Ampere Hours maximum will fit in cabinet). Complete the remaining instructions in Table 4-7.

Batteries larger than 18 AH will not fit in the main control cabinet, and must be housed in the RBB Accessory Battery Cabinet. Maximum of 35 amp hr for the system.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>No. of Devices</th>
<th>Current Per Device</th>
<th>Standby Current</th>
<th>Alarm Current</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EVS-100W 25V</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Standby: 110mA</td>
<td>110mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm: 1.2A</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.2A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-100W 70.7V</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Standby: 110mA</td>
<td>110mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm: 1.4A</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.4A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVS-100WBU</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Standby: 40mA</td>
<td>40mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Alarm: 110mA</td>
<td></td>
<td>110MA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 4-7: Current Draw Calculations**

- **A** Current Subtotals: mA mA
- **B** Current Subtotals: mA mA
- **C** Total current rating of all devices in system (Line B) X 0.001 A A
- **D** Number of standby hours (24 or 60 for NFPA 72) H
- **E** Multiply line C (standby current) and D: Total standby AH AH
- **F** Alarm sounding period in hours (For example, 5 minutes = 0.0833 hours): H
- **G** Multiply line C (alarm current) and F: Total alarm AH AH
- **H** Add lines E and G (AH = Ampere Hours): Total AH required AH
4.9 Installing the EVS-100WBU

The EVS-100WBU provides backup capability when operating the EVS-100W in the 100 watt with backup mode. The EVS-100WBU mounts above the EVS-100W board on the standoffs provided.

4.9.1 EVS-100W Board Layout

Figure 4-45 shows the location of the EVS-100WBU on the EVS-100W board.

![Figure 4-45 Layout of EVS-100WBU](image)

4.9.2 Installing the EVS-100WBU

Follow these steps to install the EVS-100WBU.

1. Make sure that all power supplied to the EVS-100W is removed.
2. Connect the backup amplifier cable harness (P/N 50116775-001) from the connector labeled “Backup Amplifier” on the EVS-100W to the connector on the EVS-100WBU as shown in Figure 4-46.
3. Using the 4 supplied screws, mount the EVS-100WBU to the standoff's as shown in Figure 4-46.

Figure 4-46 Mounting the EVS-100WBU
4.10 Installing the EVS-CE4

The EVS-CE4 adds four audio circuits to the EVS-50W or EVS-125W. The EVS-CE4 mounts inside the EVS-50W or EVS-125W cabinet.

Follow these steps to install the EVS-CE4:

1. Using the four supplied screws mount the EVS-CE4 in the EVS-50W or EVS-125W cabinet as shown in Figure 4-47.

![Figure 4-47 Mounting the EVS-CE4](image)

2. Connect the audio expander cable harness (P/N 130426) from the connector labeled “Audio Expander” on the EVS-50W/EVS-125W to the connector on the EVS-CE4 as shown in Figure 4-48.

![Figure 4-48 Audio Expander Wire Harness Connections](image)
3. Wire audio circuits as shown in Section 4.4.4.

4.11 Installing the EVS-RVM

The EVS-RVM Remote Voice Module is contained within the EVS-LOC or EVS-RCU. It provides a supervised microphone for live communication and an interface for the Emergency Voice System.

Note: The EVS-RVM is not sold separately.

4.11.1 EVS-RVM Board Layout

The following is description of the EVS-RVM remote voice module components.

Note: The EVS-VCM and EVS-RVM circuit boards look similar, but they are not interchangeable. The EVS-VCM is mounted in the 5820XL-EVS or 6820EVS and the EVS-RVM is mounted in the EVS-LOC or EVS-RCU cabinet.

![Figure 4-49 Back View of EVS-RVM](image)
Figure 4-50 Front View EVS-RVM
4.11.2 Wiring the EVS-RVM

1. Refer to Figure 4-51 to properly connect the EVS-RVM to the FACP's SBUS.

2. See Section 4.12 to set SBUS addressing.

3. Connect the SBUS to the annunciator and EVS-RVM. See Figure 4-52.

4. Set the SBUS address on the annunciator and the EVS-RVM board. See Section 4.12.
5. Connect the EVS-RVM to the VBUS and EVS-125W.

![Figure 4-53 VBUS and EVS-125W Wiring for EVS-RVM](image)

### 4.11.3 Installing the Microphone

To install the microphone follow these steps:

1. Clip the microphone into the microphone clip. See Figure 4-54.

![Figure 4-54 Sliding Microphone into Microphone Clip](image)
2. Insert Microphone cord through hole at the bottom of the dead front panel. See Figure 4-55.

![Figure 4-55 Microphone Cord Inserted Through Dead Front Panel Hole](image)

3. Attach strain relief clip to microphone cord. The strain relief clip should have about 2¾” of microphone cord through it. See Figure 4-56.

![Figure 4-56 Installing Strain Relief Clip](image)

4. Push the strain into the hole in the dead front panel.

### 4.11.4 To Remove the EVS-RVM

To install the EVS-RVM follow these steps:

1. Remove AC power and disconnect batteries from the main control panel.
2. Disconnect the SBUS connections from the SBUS terminals on the EVS-RVM. See Figure 4-51.
3. Disconnect any devices connected to the VBUS. See Figure 4-49.
4. Unplug the Microphone from the microphone connector. See Figure 4-57.

5. Remove the six ¼" hex nuts that hold the EVS-RVM in place.
6. Lift the EVS-RVM off of the dead front panel.

Figure 4-57 Back View of Dead Front Panel
4.12 Addressing SBUS Devices

When installing a hardware module (such as, 5815XL, 6815, 5824, 6860, 5860, 5855, 5496, 5895XL, 5865-3 or 5865-4, EVS-50W, EVS-INT50W, EVS-125W, EVS-100W, EVS-VCM, and EVS-RVMs), you must use the DIP switches on the module to assign an ID# to the module.

Figure 4-58 shows all possible DIP switch positions and their correlation to a numerical ID. For example, to select ID 2, place DIP switch 2 in the up position.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: Address 0 cannot be used.

Figure 4-58: Possible Module Addresses

More information regarding EVS and EVS operations, please refer to Section 9 of FACP’s installation manual.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EVS Series Model Number</th>
<th>FACP Installation Manual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5820XL-EVS</td>
<td>LS10061-001SK-E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6820EVS</td>
<td>LS10144-001SK-E</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Panel Security
Panel installation / maintenance security checklist

System Description: ________________________________________________________________

System Location: __________________________________________________________________

Installer: _________________________________________________ Date: __________________

Complete the following Cyber security tasks for each panel Install

• Install the panel in a secure location considering both software and hardware vulnerabilities.
• Change the default password to a unique password
• Securely configure networks and firewalls
• Assess security risks
• Develop a Disaster and Recovery Plan
• Develop a Backup and Recovery Strategy
• Install, configure and keep anti virus software updated on all computers which access the panel
• Keep operating system updated on all computers which access the panel
• Deliver all required system information upon delivery to the system owner
• Train end-users on security maintenance tasks upon system delivery
• For decommissioning, dispose of data securely.
• Ensure the Ethernet cable is removed from the FACP when not being utilized for configuration or for reporting purposes.

Security and Data Protection

Communication Security - Level 1

Stored Data Security - Level 0

Physical Security - Level 1

Access Control Security - Level 1
Honeywell Fire Product Warranty and Return Policy

General Terms and Conditions

- All new fire products manufactured by Honeywell Silent Knight have a limited warranty period of 36 months from the date of manufacture against defects in materials and workmanship. See limited warranty statement for details.

- This limited warranty does not apply to those products that are damaged due to misuse, abuse, negligence, exposure to adverse environmental conditions, or have been modified in any manner whatsoever.

Repair and RMA Procedure

- All products that are returned to Honeywell for credit or repair require a RMA (Return Authorization) number. Call Customer Service at 800-328-0103 or 203-484-7161 between 8:00 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. EST, Monday through Friday to obtain a return authorization number.

- Honeywell Silent Knight and Farenhyt Series Technical Support is available at 800-446-6444 between 8:00 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. CST, Monday through Friday.

- All returns for credit are subject to inspection and testing at the factory before actual determination is made to allow credit.

- RMA number must be prominently displayed on the outside of the shipping box. See return address example under Advanced Replacement Policy.

- Included with each return should be: a packing slip that has the RMA number, a content list, and a detailed description of the problem.

- All products returned by Honeywell must be sent freight pre-paid. After the product is processed, Honeywell will pay for shipping product back to customer via UPS ground.

- Return the Honeywell Silent Knight product circuit board only. Products that are returned in cabinets will be charged an additional $50 to cover the extra shipping and handling costs over board only returns. Do not return batteries. Honeywell has the authority to determine if a product is repairable. Products that are deemed un-repairable will be returned to the customer.

- Product that is returned that has a board date code more than 36 months from date of manufacture will be repaired and the customer will be assessed the standard Honeywell Silent Knight repair charge for that model.

Advanced Replacement Policy

- Honeywell Silent Knight and Farenhyt Series offers an option of advance replacement for fire product printed circuit boards that fail during the first 6 months of the warranty period. These items must be returned with transportation charges prepaid and must be accompanied by a return authorization.

- For advance replacement of a defective board, contact your local Honeywell Silent Knight distributor or call Honeywell Silent Knight at 800-328-0103 to obtain a RMA (Return Authorization) number and request advanced replacement.

- A new or refurbished board will be shipped to the customer. The customer will initially be billed for the replacement board but a credit will be issued after the repairable board is received at Honeywell Silent Knight. All returned products must comply with the guidelines described under “General Terms and Conditions” and “Repair and RMA Procedure”.

- The defective board must be returned within 30 days of shipment of replacement board for customer to receive credit. No credit will be issued if the returned board was damaged due to misuse or abuse.
Repairs and returns should be sent to:
Honeywell Fire Systems
Attn: Repair Department / RA Number_______________________
12 Clintonville Road
Northford, CT 06472   USA

Manufacturer Warranties and Limitation of Liability

Manufacturer Warranties. Subject to the limitations set forth herein, Manufacturer warrants that the Products manufactured by it in its Northford, Connecticut facility and sold by it to its authorized Distributors shall be free, under normal use and service, from defects in material and workmanship for a period of thirty six months (36) months from the date of manufacture (effective Jan. 1, 2009). The Products manufactured and sold by Manufacturer are date stamped at the time of production. Manufacturer does not warrant Products that are not manufactured by it in its Northford, Connecticut facility but assigns to its Distributor, to extent possible, any warranty offered by the manufacturer of such product. This warranty shall be void if a Product is altered, service repaired by anyone other than Manufacturer or its authorized Distributors. This warranty shall also be void if there is a failure to maintain the Products and the systems in which they operate in proper working conditions.

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Warranty Claims. Manufacturer shall replace or repair, at Manufacturer's discretion, each part returned by its authorized Distributor and acknowledged by Manufacturer to be defective, provided that such part shall have been returned to Manufacturer with all charges prepaid and the authorized Distributor has completed Manufacturer's Return Material Authorization form. The replacement part shall come from Manufacturer's stock and may be new or refurbished. THE FOREGOING IS DISTRIBUTOR'S SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY IN THE EVENT OF A WARRANTY CLAIM.

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